

The patchwork of colours represents the percentage of each species within mixed stands. This spatial representation does not reflect the position on the ground of each species, simply the overall woodland composition.

Through a programme of clearfell and restocking the forest now has a diverse structure. The forest produces a sustainable yield of approximately 19,000m<sup>3</sup> each year from felling and thinning operations.

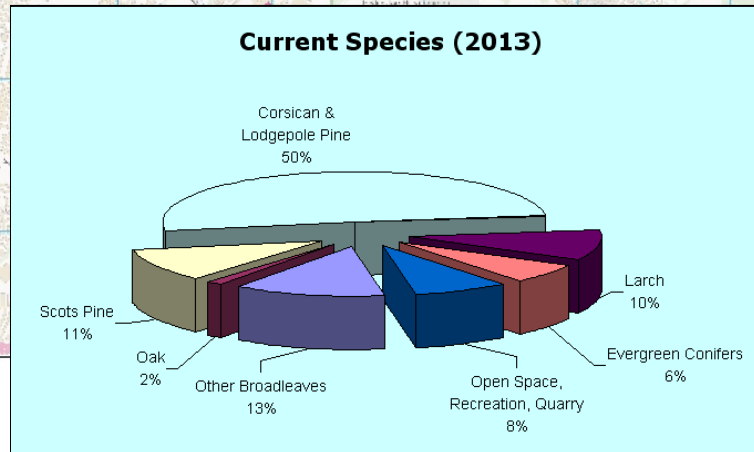
Cannock Forest is dominated by Corsican pine stands with Scots pine and larch being the second most prominent species. The distribution of broadleaves is focused to the western and eastern areas of forest.

There is approximately 24ha of transitional open space in the forest that is created from when sites are felled and before restock sites become fully established.

### Central Forest District

#### Current Species

-  Open Ground
-  Corsican & Lodgepole pine
-  Other Evergreen Conifers
-  Larch
-  Scots pine
-  Broadleaves
-  Quarry
-  Recreation
-  Water
-  Felled
-  Management Area



This map is based upon Ordnance Survey materials with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the Controller of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. © Crown Copyright. Unauthorised reproduction is illegal. Crown Copyright and may be used in publications or other proceedings. Forestry Commission 1/0002/046