

The pond will be opened up retaining trees of good shape and form which will be managed as long term retentions. Any regeneration will be retained where appropriate.

The felling operations in the next 10 years will target the removal of badly infected Corsican pine stands. The shape of felling coupes is designed to create interlocking shapes that straddle access routes and diversify the forest structure.

Restructure mature conifer stands through planned clearfells to create openings in the canopy of an appropriate size and scale in the landscape.

Mature BL's along Ashton Rd & Sandstone Trail will be managed on long rotations using selectively & small group felling to creating space for young trees to become established and form the next rotation.

Central Forest District

Felling Period

- Open Ground
- 2015 - 2016
- 2017 - 2021
- 2022 - 2026
- 2027 - 2031
- 2032 - 2036
- 2037 - 2041
- 2042 - 2046
- 2047 - 2051
- 2052 - 2056
- 2057 - 2061
- 2062 - 2099
- Biological & Natural Reserves
- Low Impact Felling
- Management Area

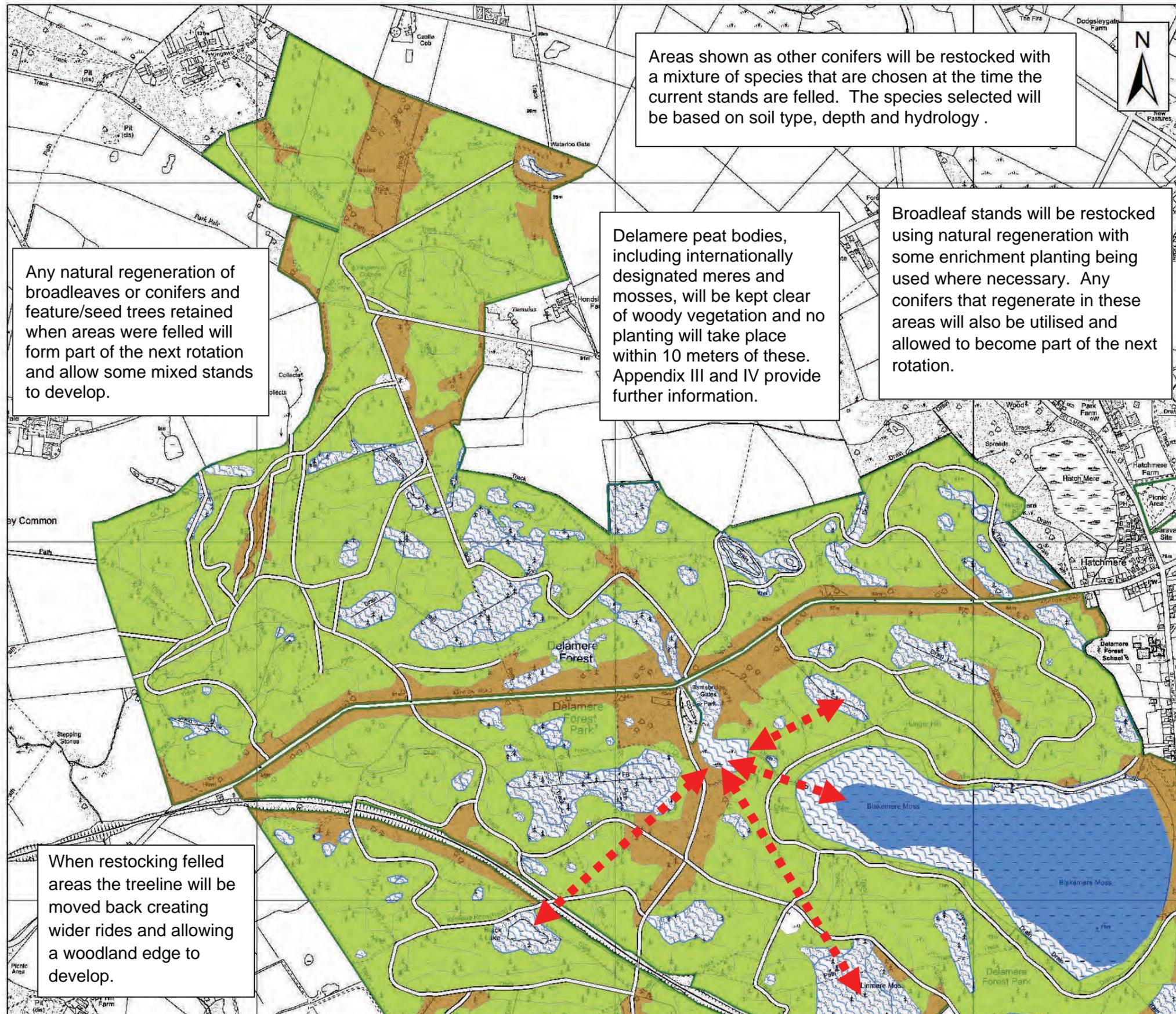
Forestry Commission
England

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Scale at A3

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Areas shown as other conifers will be restocked with a mixture of species that are chosen at the time the current stands are felled. The species selected will be based on soil type, depth and hydrology .

Delamere peat bodies, including internationally designated meres and mosses, will be kept clear of woody vegetation and no planting will take place within 10 meters of these. Appendix III and IV provide further information.

Broadleaf stands will be restocked using natural regeneration with some enrichment planting being used where necessary. Any conifers that regenerate in these areas will also be utilised and allowed to become part of the next rotation.

Any natural regeneration of broadleaves or conifers and feature/seed trees retained when areas were felled will form part of the next rotation and allow some mixed stands to develop.

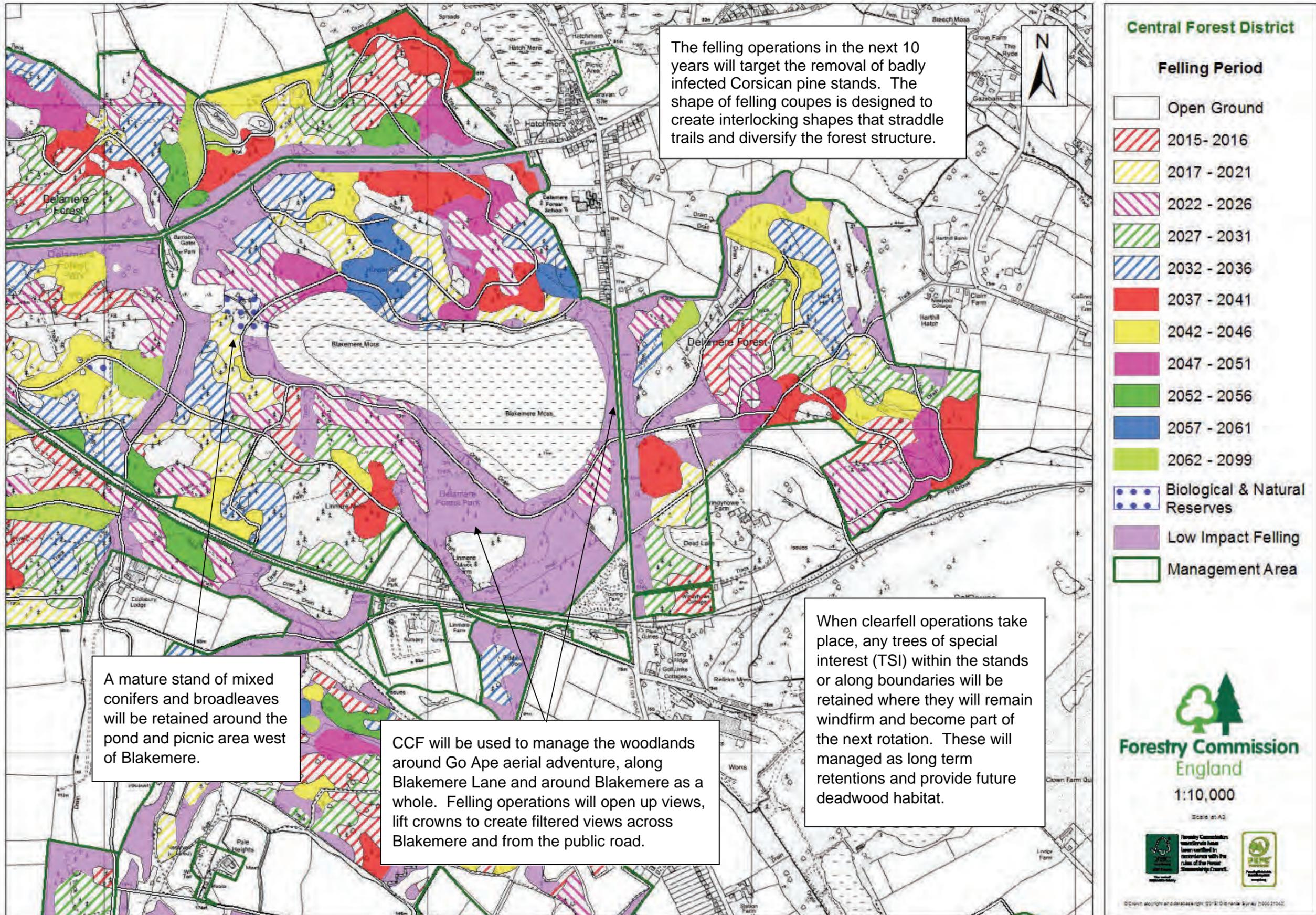
When restocking felled areas the treeline will be moved back creating wider rides and allowing a woodland edge to develop.

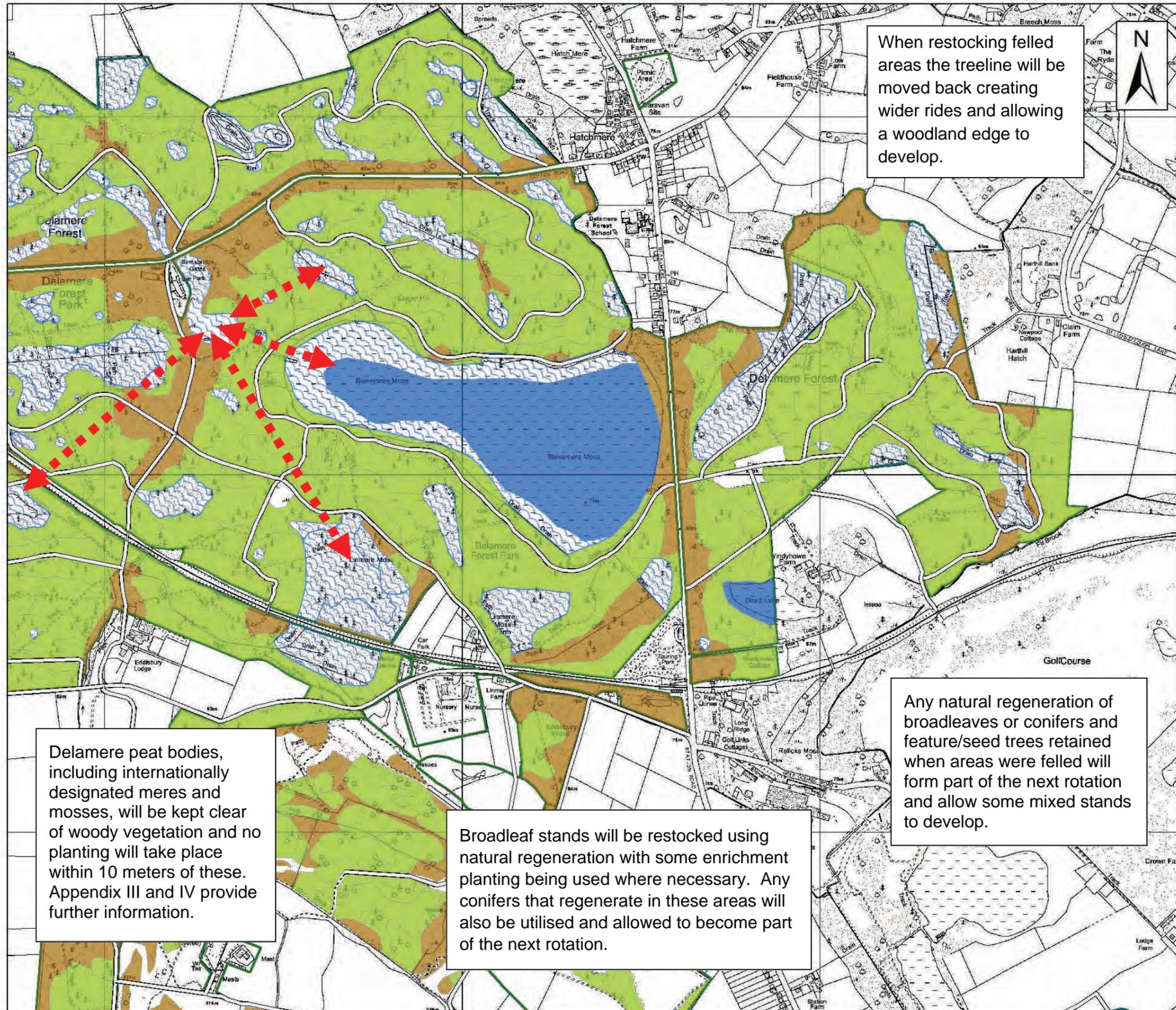
Central Forest District

Intended Landuse

-  Forest Roads
-  Open Space
-  Broadleaves
-  Conifers
-  Delamere Peat Bodies
-  Open Water
-  Management Area

Access routes between Doolittle, Blakemere, Black Lake and Linnere Moss will be managed to create open flightpath for the white-faced darter to disperse throughout the forest as part of the reintroduction programme. 





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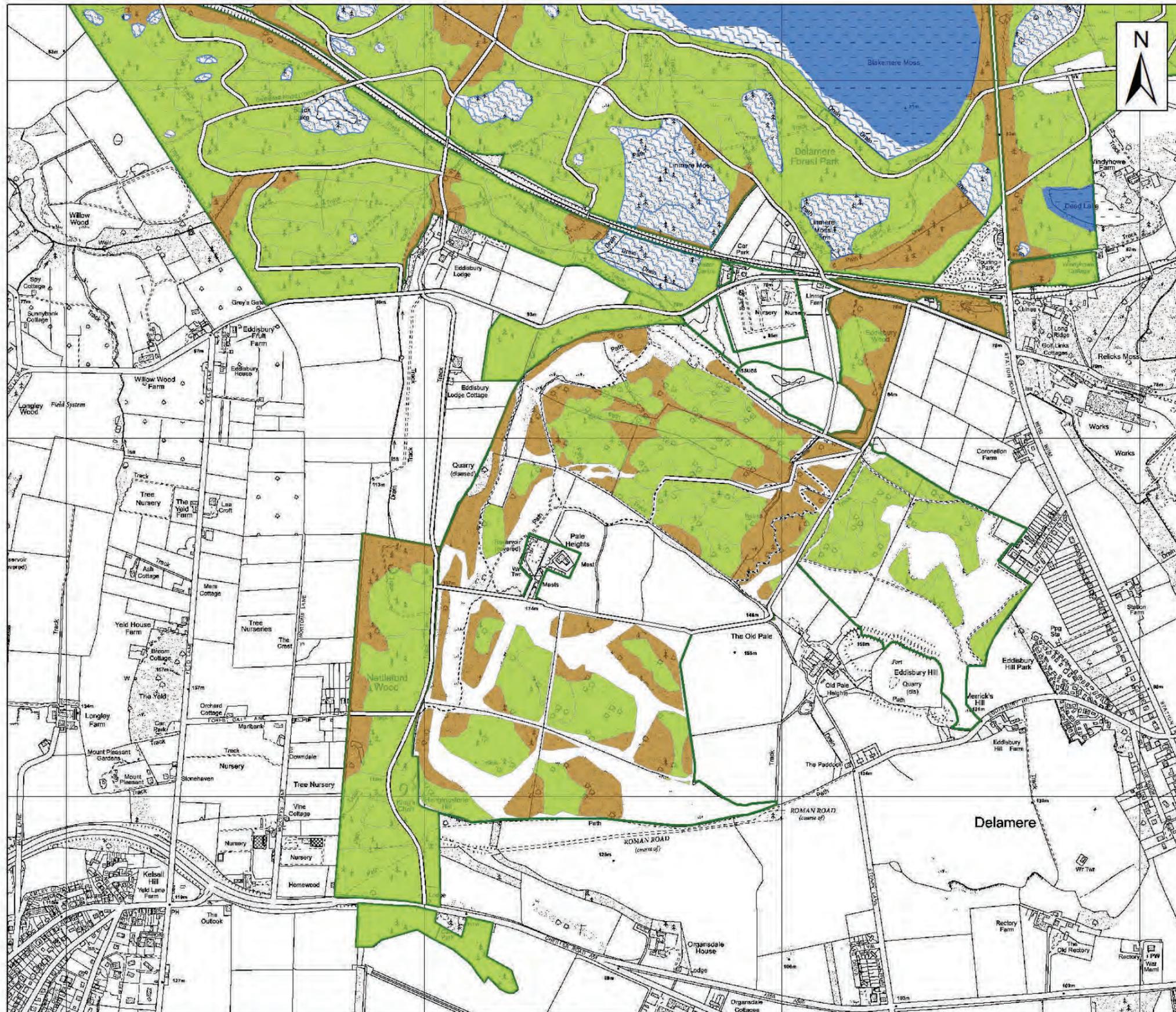
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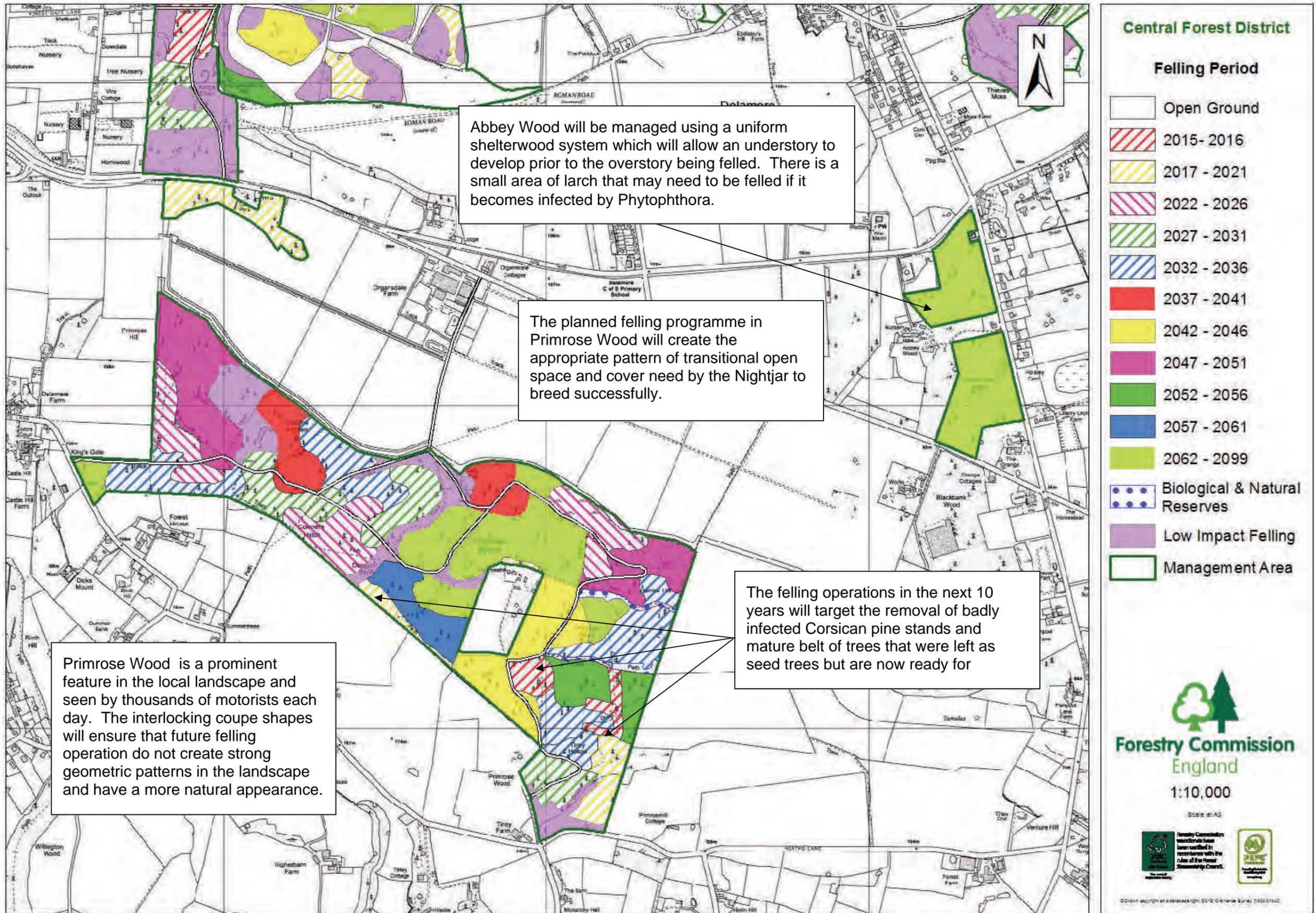
Intended Landuse

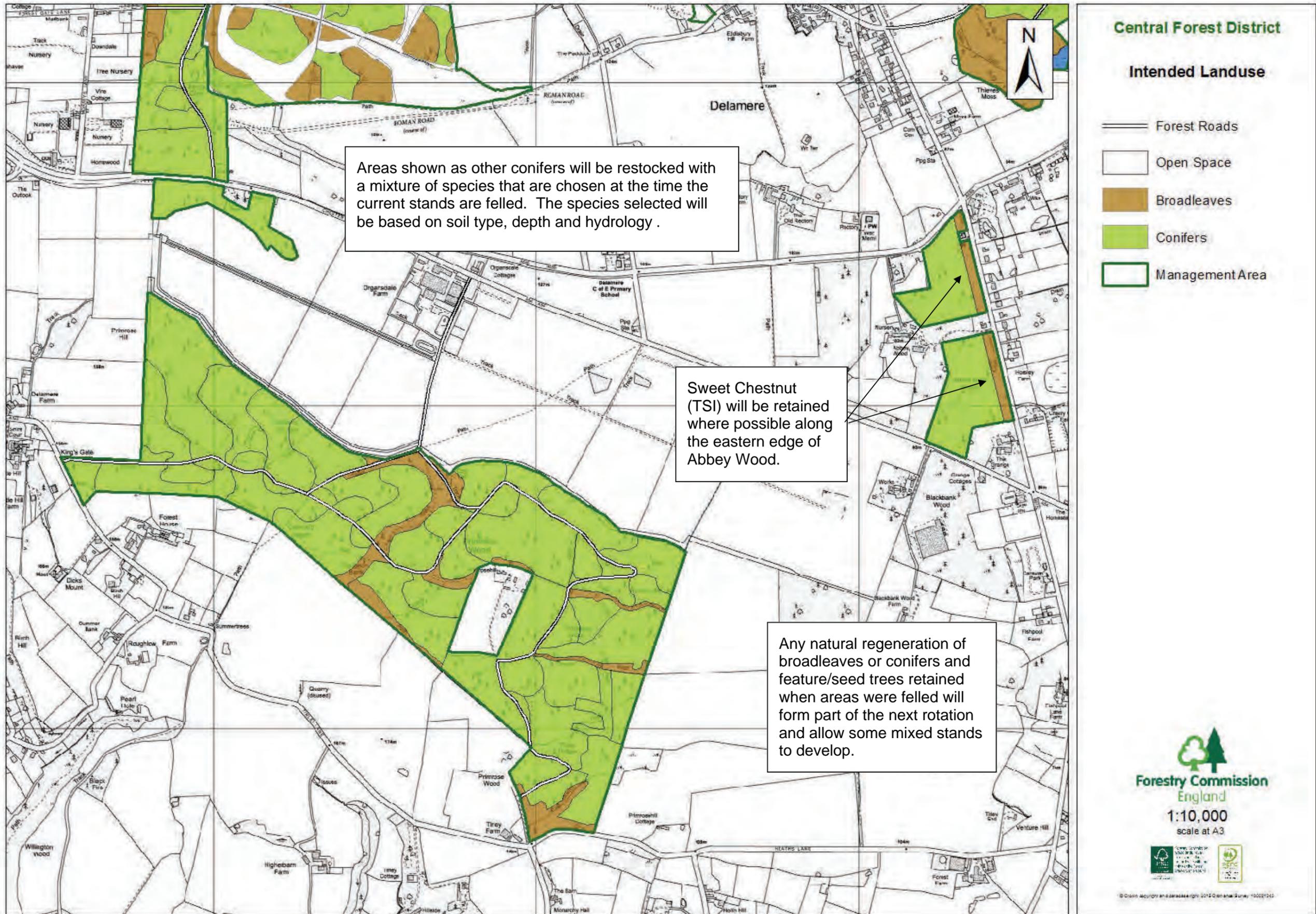
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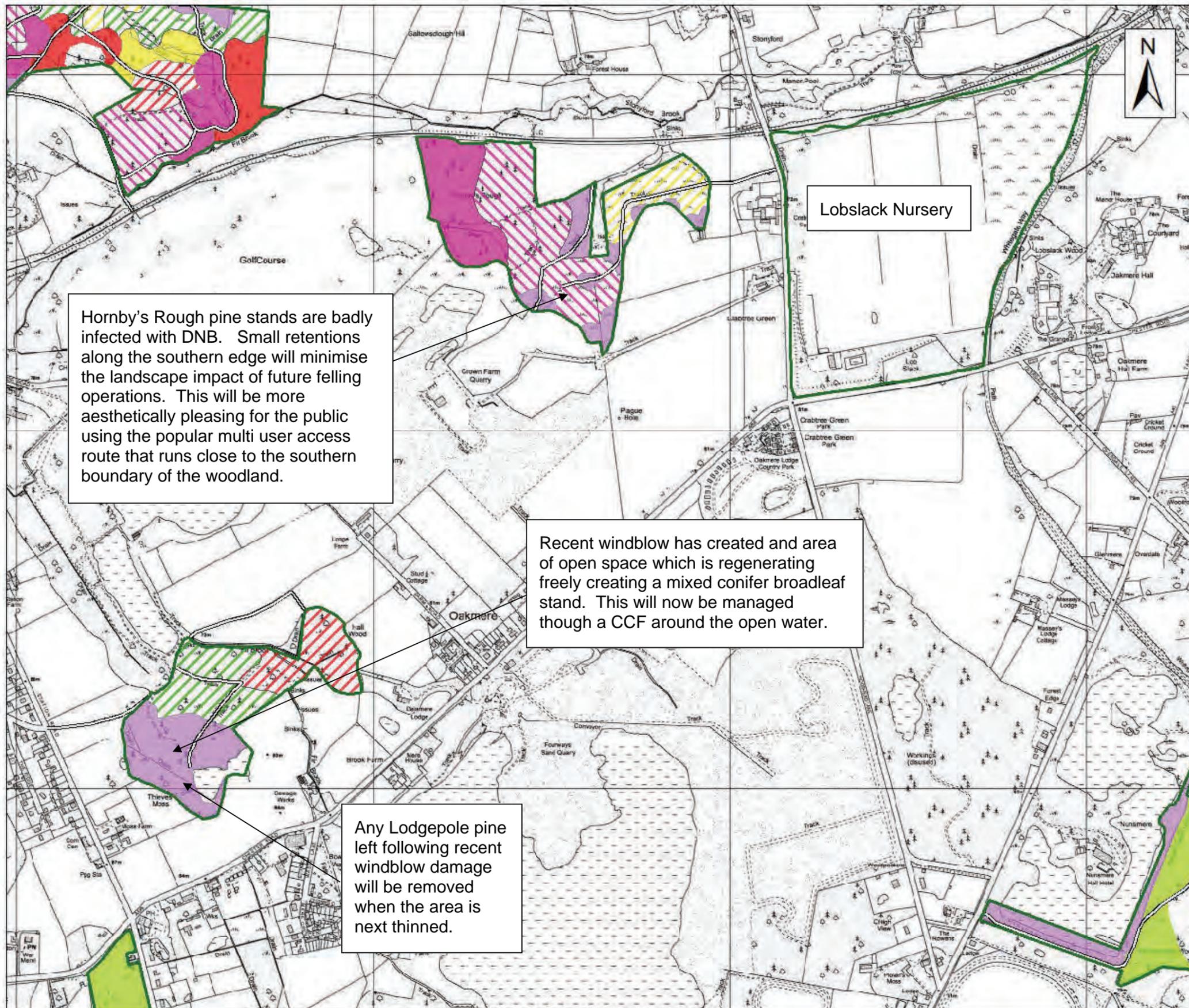


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Hornby's Rough pine stands are badly infected with DNB. Small retentions along the southern edge will minimise the landscape impact of future felling operations. This will be more aesthetically pleasing for the public using the popular multi user access route that runs close to the southern boundary of the woodland.

Recent windblow has created an area of open space which is regenerating freely creating a mixed conifer broadleaf stand. This will now be managed through a CCF around the open water.

Any Lodgepole pine left following recent windblow damage will be removed when the area is next thinned.

Central Forest District

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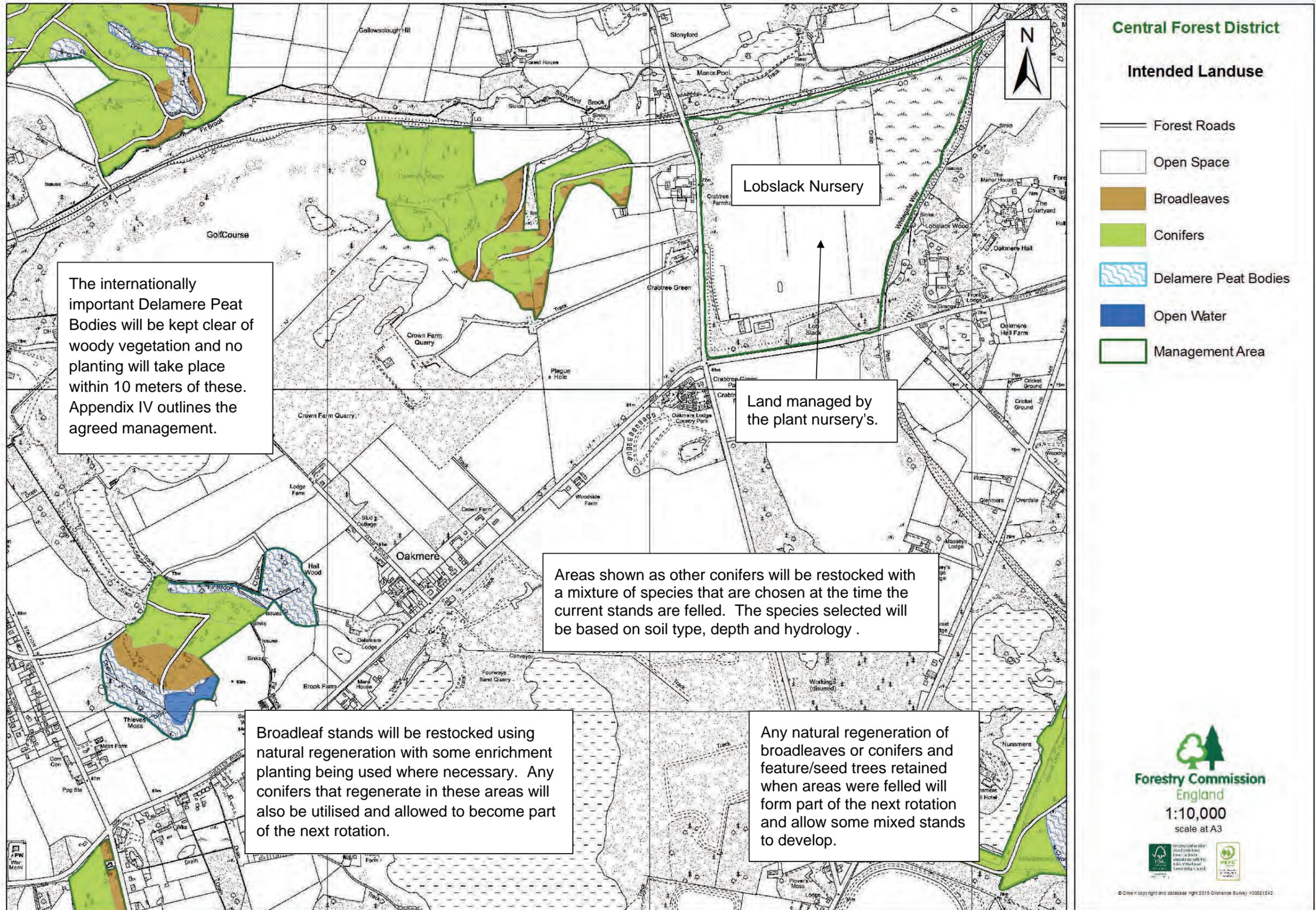

Forestry Commission
England

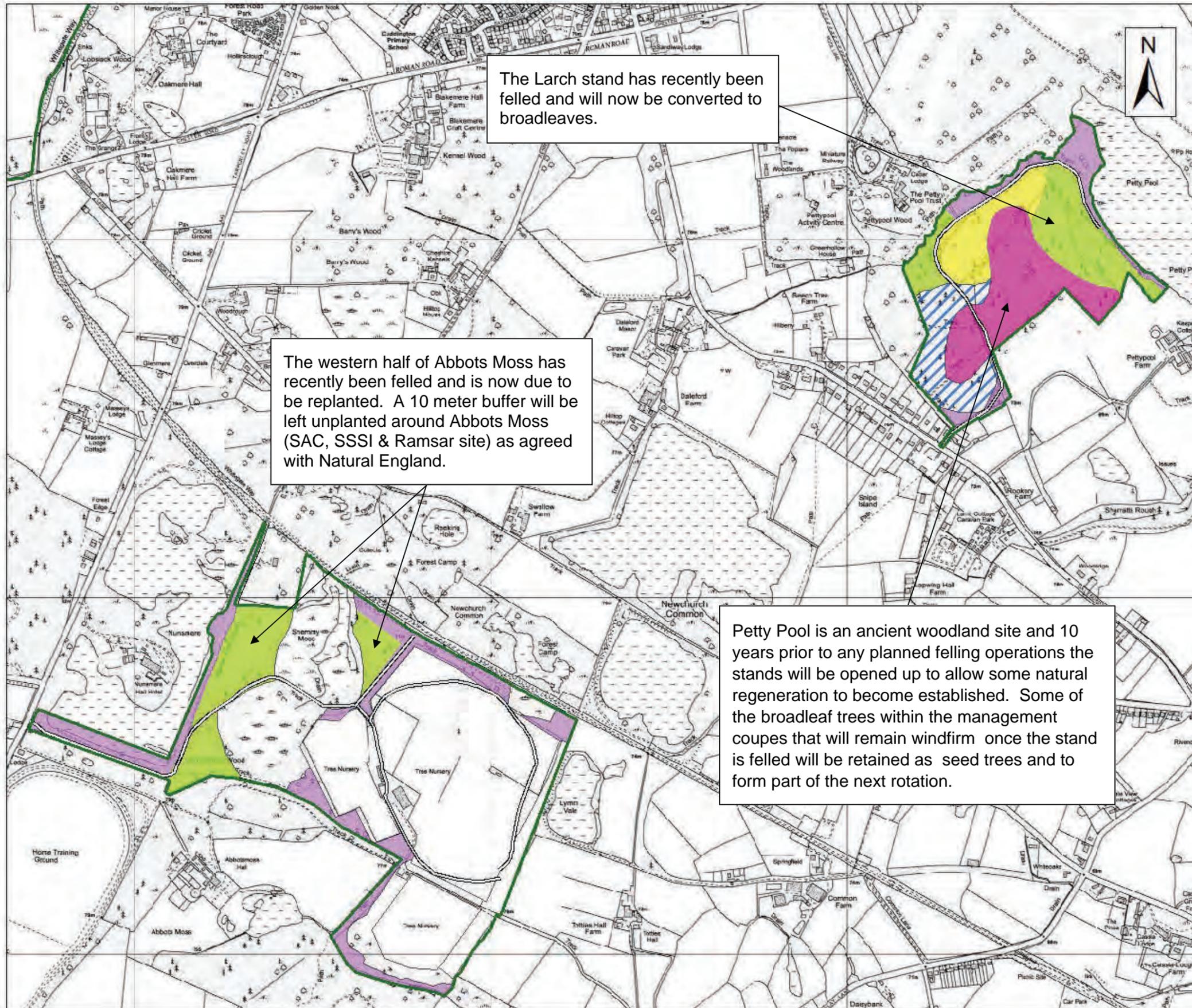
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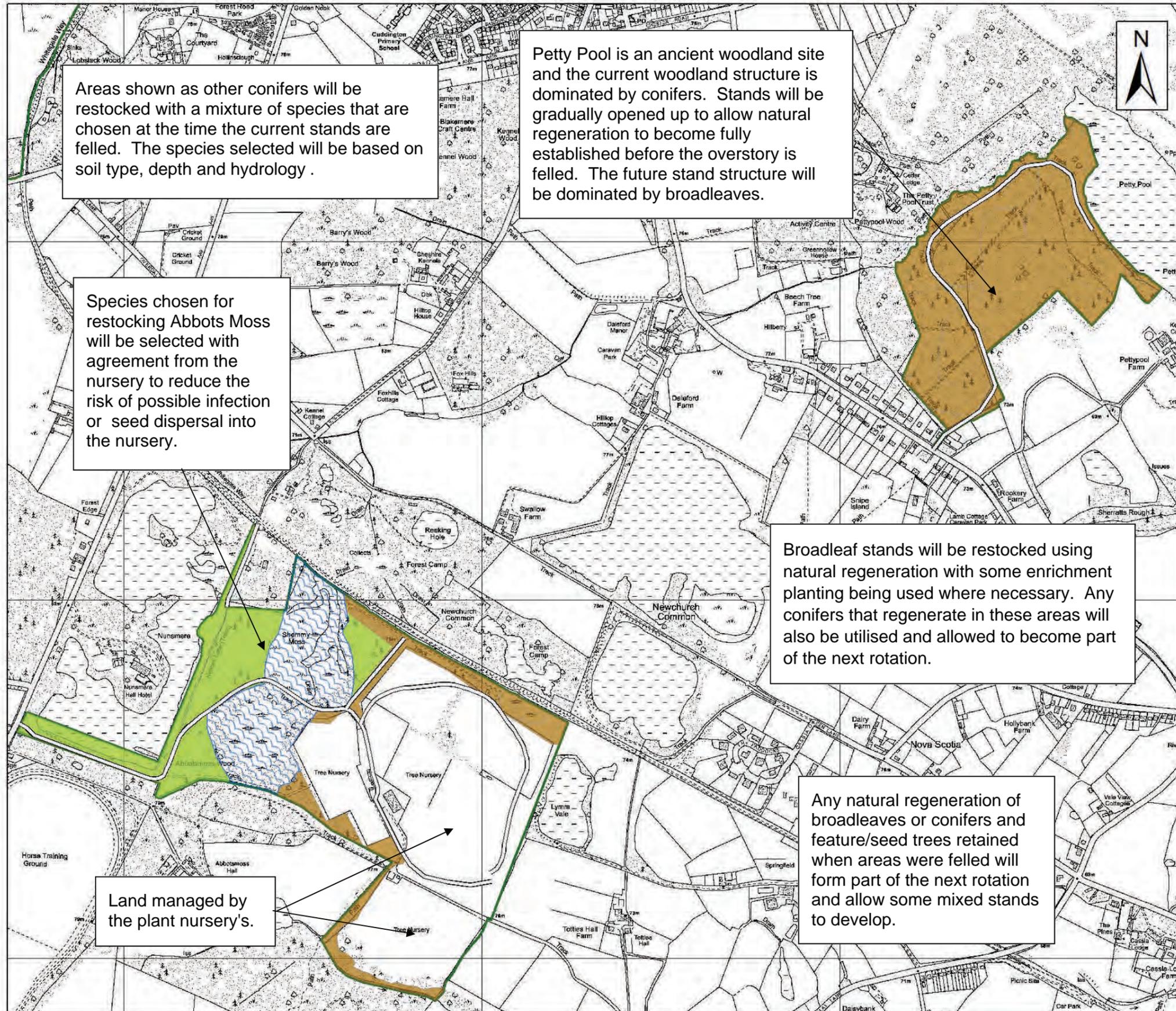
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Areas shown as other conifers will be restocked with a mixture of species that are chosen at the time the current stands are felled. The species selected will be based on soil type, depth and hydrology.

Petty Pool is an ancient woodland site and the current woodland structure is dominated by conifers. Stands will be gradually opened up to allow natural regeneration to become fully established before the overstory is felled. The future stand structure will be dominated by broadleaves.

Species chosen for restocking Abbots Moss will be selected with agreement from the nursery to reduce the risk of possible infection or seed dispersal into the nursery.

Broadleaf stands will be restocked using natural regeneration with some enrichment planting being used where necessary. Any conifers that regenerate in these areas will also be utilised and allowed to become part of the next rotation.

Any natural regeneration of broadleaves or conifers and feature/seed trees retained when areas were felled will form part of the next rotation and allow some mixed stands to develop.

Land managed by the plant nursery's.

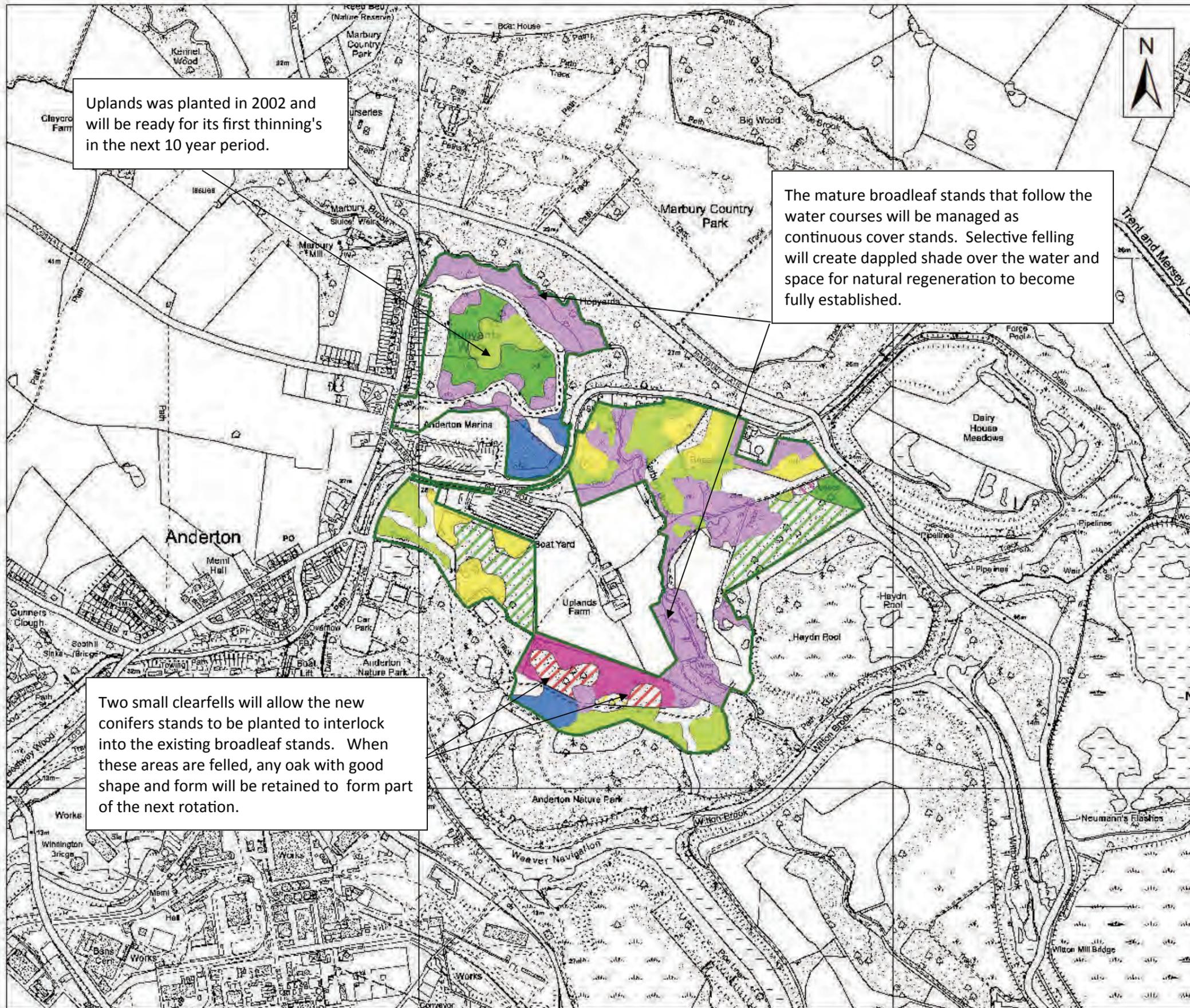
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