

# How to play

#### Any number of people can play

- · Shuffle the cards and deal them out evenly.
- · Hold the cards so you can only see the top one.
- · Pick a category and read the
- The player with the highest score for that category wins.
- They place all the losing cards, as well as their own at the bottom of their pack.
- · They then choose the next category.
- The winner is the player with all or most of the cards at the end of the game.

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# **Scores**

#### How the scores are marked:

#### Lifespan

The maximum age in years if the tree is not cut down.

#### Height

The maximum height in metres if there are good growing conditions.

#### Wildlife Value

This is the number of associated species which live on a tree.

#### Timber Value

Timber is scored 1-100 based on information provided by our expert foresters.

#### People value

Climb-ability is scored from 1-100 based on common sense and guestimates.

Please take care when you climb trees!

# English oak Life span 800 years

Height 42m

No. of insects 284

Timber value 95

Climb-ability 100

Life span

Height

30m

198

90

## Tree facts

- · The oak tree with the biggest girth in Britain is a whopping 14m.
- · Acorns don't grow until the tree is around 40 years old.



· The berries are an important

source of food for birds in winter.



· Seeds are known as helicopters

Ash wood is used to make electric

guitars. It's also great for firewood.





- · Both male and female flowers develop on the same tree.
- · Hazel is very bendy in spring you can tie a branch in a knot without breaking it.



Quercus robur



- · Considered to be gueen of British trees.
- · Its leaves turn to beautiful golden colours in the autumn.



# Crack willow

Life span 800 years

Height 15m

No. of insects 200

Timber value 40

Climb-ability



- Name comes from the noise it makes when the branches and twigs break off.
- The trees flexible stems are used to weave baskets.

# Black poplar

Life span 300 years

Height 35m

No. of insects 189

Timber value 65

Climb-ability

## Tree facts

· Black poplar is the most endangered native tree in Britain. This is due to declining habitat and cross breeding.

Populus nigra

 In the past, poplars were often used to mark boundaries.

# Common alder

Life span 120 years

Height 20m

No. of insects 141

Timber value 42

Climb-ability

#### Tree facts

- The only broadleaf deciduous tree to develop cones.
- Loves the water, prefers to grow next to rivers and ponds.

# Hawthorn

Life span 300 years

Height 15m

No. of insects 209

Timber value 40

Climb-ability

- · Also known as the 'May tree' after the month in which it blooms.
- Branches make ideal homes for small birds.



Timber value 59

Climb-ability



out of yew.

# Scots pine

Life span 500 years

Height 36m

No. of insects 172

Timber value 80

Climb-ability



Pinus sylvestris

# Tree facts

- · Scots pine is the most common conifer tree in the world.
- It is the only native conifer to grow tall enough to produce useable timber.

# Silver birch

Life span 120 years

Height 30m

No. of insects 334

Timber value 70

Climb-ability 64

# Tree facts

· Woodpeckers often nest in the trunk.

Betula pendula

 Traditionally used to make besom brooms, much like the ones witches use to fly in story books.



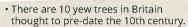








Crataegus monogyna



Medieval archers made their longbows







# Rowan

Life span 120 years

Height 15m

No. of insects 158

Timber value 62

Climb-ability 30



· The branches were once put over doorways to stop witches from entering.

Sorbus aucuparia

• The red berries produced in autumn are very attractive to migrating birds.

# Aspen

Life span 100 years

Height 25m

No. of insects 190

Timber value 39

Climb-ability



· One of the last trees to grow leaves in spring. The long stalks allow the leaves to tremble in a slight breeze, so the tree is sometimes known as the 'quivering aspen'.

Populus tremula

# Elder

Life span 60 years

Height 15m

No. of insects 166

Timber value

Climb-ability 15

Tree facts

- · If you plant elder near a house it is said to keep the devil away.
- The flowers are used to make cordial and the berries can be used to make wine.

Norway spruce

Sambucus nigra



· During the war, lime blossom was

used to make a soothing tea.



One of the most popular Christmas trees

as it has strong branches and attractive

· Native to the Pacific coast of North America.

greenery for making wreaths.

Douglas fir Life span 1000 years Height 55m No. of insects 162 Timber value Pseudotsuga menziesii 75 Climb-ability Tree facts

Life span 200 years Height 40m No. of insects 160 Timber value 80 Climb-ability 10

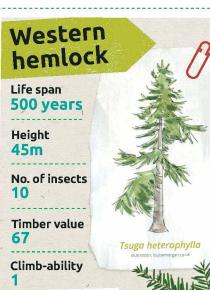
# Tree facts

· Norway spruce is one of the species traditionally used as a Christmas tree, thanks to Prince Albert who, in 1841, introduced decorating a tree with lights.

- · It's bark is non-flammable, and offers protection against forest fires.
- The tallest tree in the UK is a Douglas fir.







Tree facts

· The wood has been used to

carve into spoons and combs.

· When planted on river banks, western hemlock can help reduce erosion.

## Wild cherry Life span 60 years Height 30m No. of insects 163 Timber value 60 Climb-ability 40 Tree facts

# Seeds are distributed by mammals

# Downy birch Life span 100 years Height 24m No. of insects 334 Timber value 69 Betula pubescens Climb-ability Tree facts

- The wood was used to make bobbins, spools and reels for the Lancashire cotton industry.
- · Bark was used for tanning leather.



• Leaf stalks leave a scar on the twigs in the

shape of a horseshoe when they fall.

· Conkers used to be ground into powder

to make a cough medicine for horses.



Sitka spruce Life span 700 years Height 100m No. of insects 178 Timber value 85 Climb-ability 13 Tree facts

and birds but they can also propagate

The tree sometimes produces a sticky

gum-like substance from its bark.

themselves by root suckers.



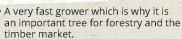
· One of three conifers native to Britain.

· Berries are used to flavour gin.

Its fragrant wood is sometimes

used in incense.

- The only coniferous tree in Britain to lose its needles in winter to protect it from frost.
- · The wood is used for yacht building, fencing and garden furniture.



· A very fast grower which is why it is

· Named after a place in Alaska.