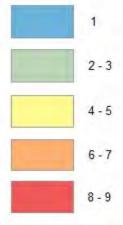




## Parkhurst **Indicative Species Diversity**



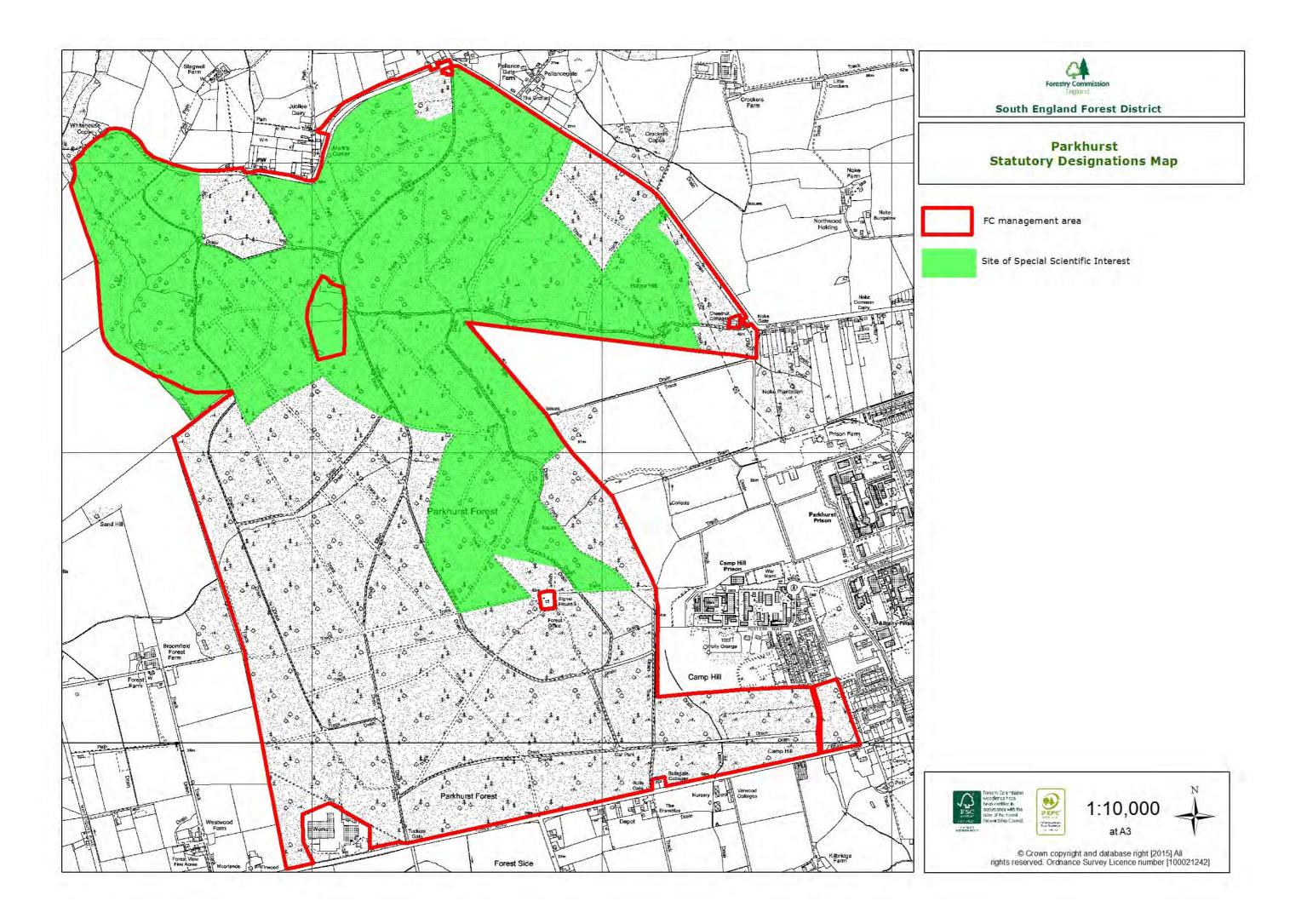
Shows the number of species with the canopy only (including open space) and should be treated as indicative only. For more detail please see the statistics section.

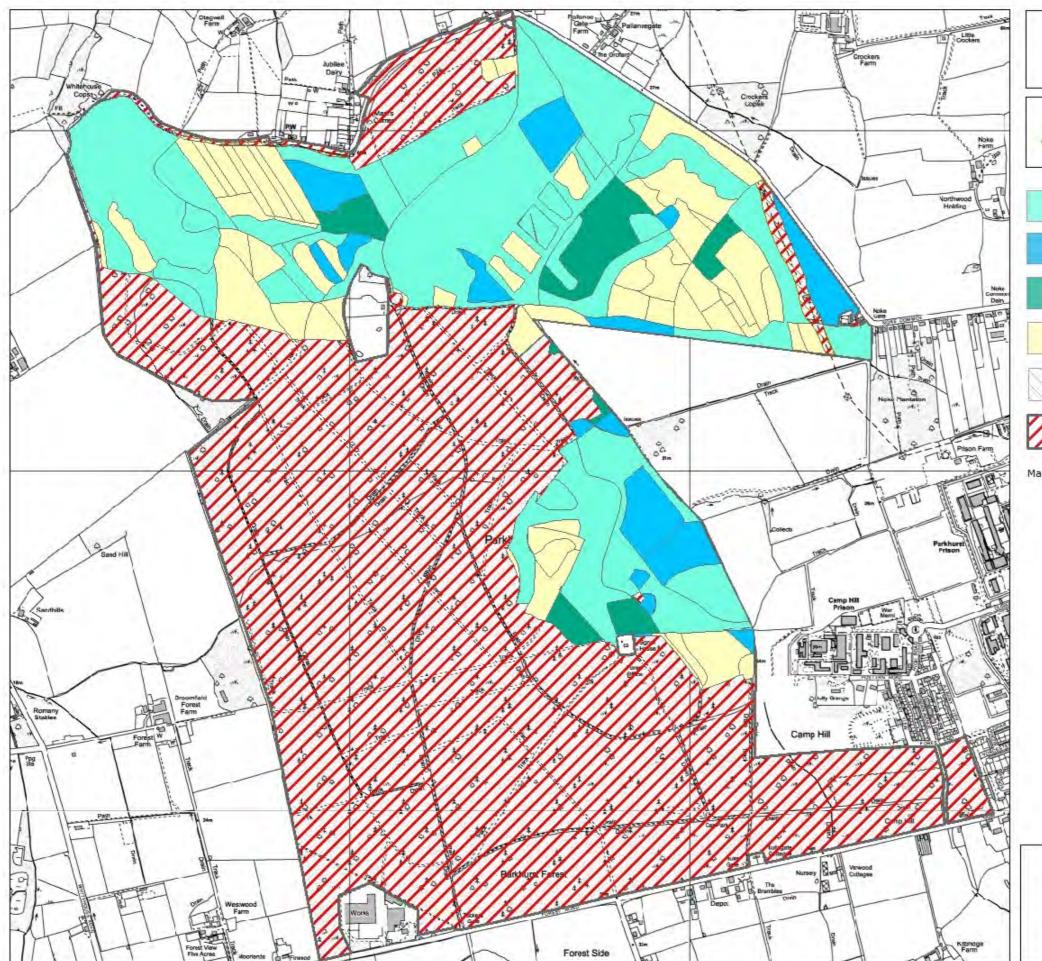




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## Parkhurst Ancient Woodland & Semi Natural Scoring



1 Over 80% native



2 Between 50% and 80% native.



3 Between 20% and 50% native



4 Less than 20% native



0 Currently open or unestablished woodland



Not Ancient Woodland

Map shows areas of ancient woodland and the proportion of native species present.



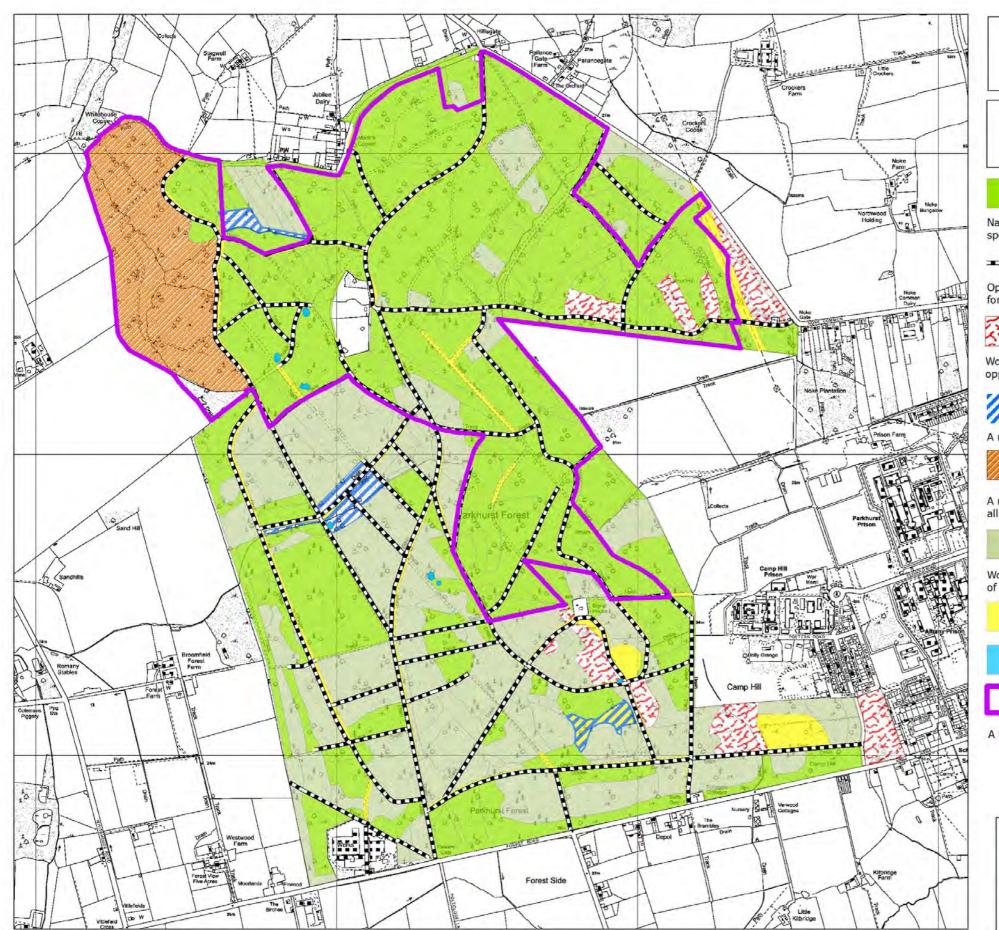




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### Parkhurst **Long Term Vision**



Native Broadleaf Woodland Management

Naive Broadleaf Woodland. Predominatley (<80%) native or honourary native

Priority Ecological Corridors

Open ride and road network, connecting habitats and woodland for enhanced biodiversity.



Woodland coppiced under a suitable rotation to benefit biodiversity and to take opportunities to supply niche markets



Rotational Scrub

A mosaic of open space and scrub woodland.



Natural Reserve

A minimum intervention area where natural processes are left to run their course allowing a transition to old growth woodland.



Mixed Woodland Management

Woodland consisting of a mixture of native and non native species, neither of which dominates more than 80% of the canopy.



Manage as Open Habitat



Ponds



Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

A forest structure comprising of wood pasture derived habitats.

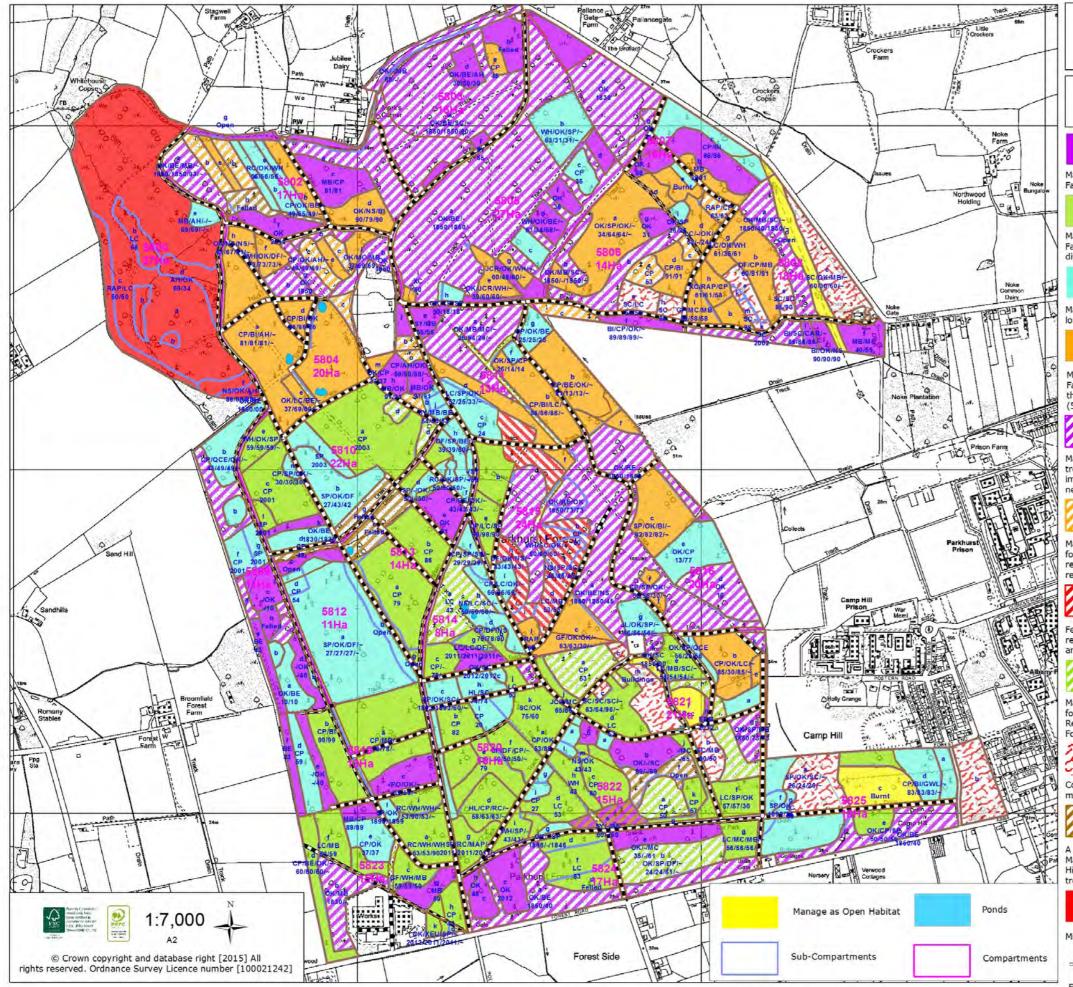




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Declaration by FC as an Operator. All timbe arising from the Forest Enterprise estate represents a negligible risk under EUTR (No 995/210)



#### Parkhurst **Habitat Restoration & Felling**

Native Broadleaf Woodland Management

Manage under a combination of thinning and selective felling. Favour best native tree, focussing on the production of quality timber.

Mixed Woodland Management

Manage with a combination of thinning and selective felling. Favour best tree, focussing on the production of quality timber and species



Red Squirrel Reserve

Manage under an appropriate low impact silvicultural system favouring the long term retention of conifer species.



Native Broadleaf Woodland Restoration

Manage with a combination of thinning and selective felling. Favour best native tree, focussing on the production of quality timber and the gradual reduction of non native species to 20% of the canopy or less (5% in a SSSI).



Native Woodland Regeneration

Manage under an reserve shelterwood system, favouring best native tree and focussing on the production of quality timber. In addition, implement regeneration fellings in accordance with the table on the next page.



PAWS Woodland Regeneration

Manage under a reserve shelterwood system. Favour best native tree and focus on the production of quality timber, species diversity and natural regeneration. Retain a proportion of the shelter trees beyond the regeneration period. For more detail see the felling table.



Site of Special Scientific Interest Restoration

Fell non - native trees and rake/burn residue to initiate pasture woodland restoration. Control subsequent re-growth through a programme of spraying and mulching.



Mixed Woodland Regeneration

Managed under a reserve shelterwood system. Favour best native tree and focus on the production of quality timber, species diversity and natural regeneration. Retain a proportion of the shelter trees beyond the regeneration period. For more detail see the felling table.



Coppice understorey in an appropriate rotation to benefit biodiversity while taking market opportunities to utilise products.



Rotational Scrub

A mosaic of open space and scrub woodland. Maintain an approximate 50:50 balance between scrub and open space. High canopy will be maintained at less than 20% cover by removal of individual trees as necessary.



Natural Reserve

Minimum intervention area to promote old growth woodland features.

Road/Ride Edge Management

Enhance the woodland edge developing a scalloped and graded structure in accordance with best practice guidelines.



Felling Coupes 1	Thresholds
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Felling must be limited to 10% of the contiguous area in a 5 year period (20% for the duration of the forest plan).

A regeneration period should be adopted that is appropriate to site and species.

An indicative regeneration period is suggested as 20-30 years for conifer species & 50 years for broadleaf species.

Individual felling coupes should be planned to provide a connecting network of old growth woodland throughout the blocks.

## **Native Woodland Regeneration**

Coupes must be up to 2ha in size and non - adjacent.

## **PAWS** Regeneration

Coupes must be up to 0.25ha in size and non - adjacent.

# **Mixed Woodland Regeneration**

Coupes must be no more than 0.25ha in size and non - adjacent.

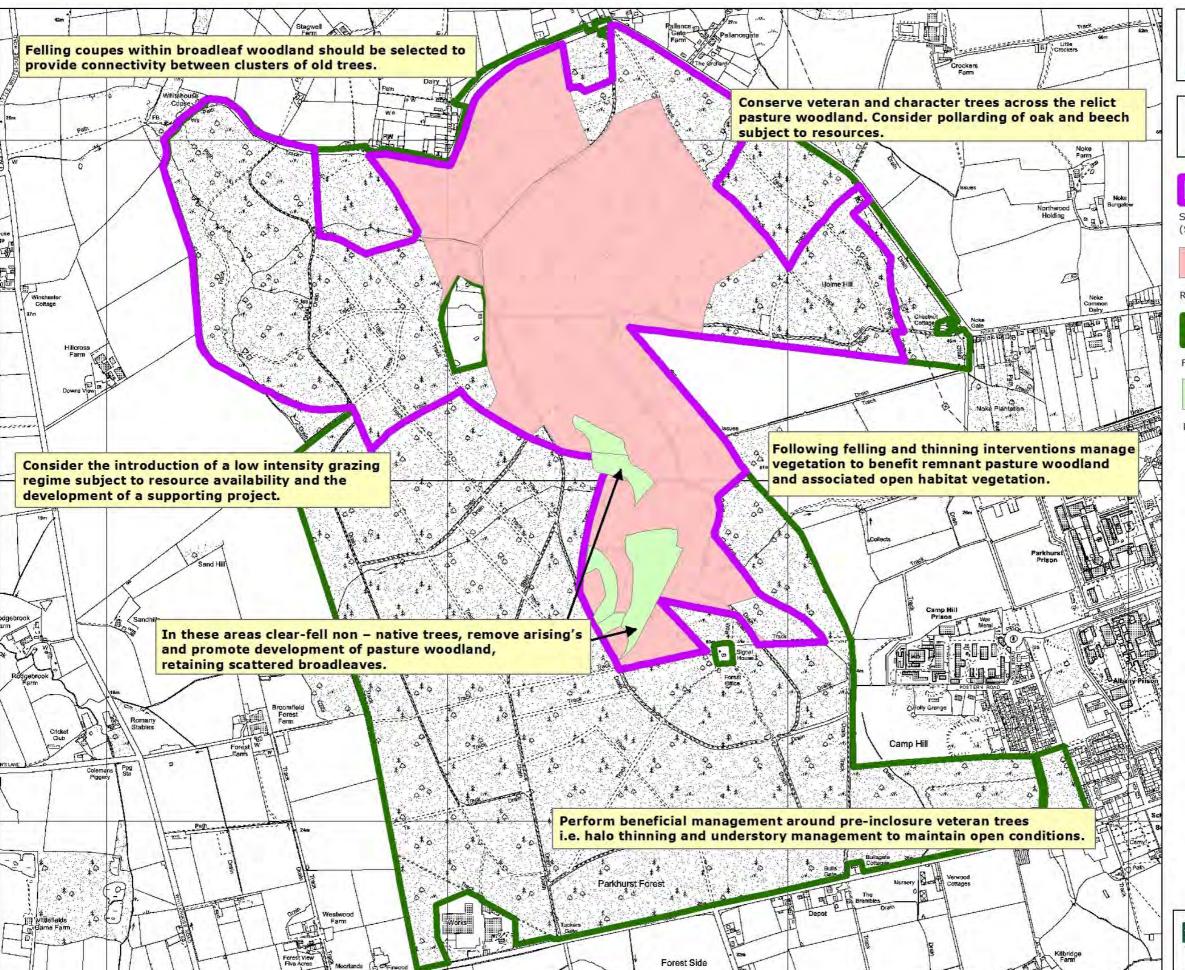
	_	combined felling coupes in a 10 year period.	vention and area worked.
Parkhurst	39.2	78.4	

Maximum size of

Date of Inter-

Maximum size of

**Inclosure** 





Pasture Woodland Operational Considerations



Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI).



Relict pasture woodland extent



FC Management Area



Pasture Woodland Clearfells



