Ponies, donkeys, cattle, pigs & sheep
For their safety and your own please leave the animals alone - although owned and cared for by local people called commoners, they are unpredictable and best treated as wild. Please don't feed or pet them; there is plenty of natural food and it's best that they don't come to rely on people's attention. They may look friendly but they can bite and kick, especially ponies with foals.

Dogs
The New Forest is great for dogs but to minimise disturbance to wildlife, livestock and other people, please keep your dogs close by you and visible at all times - if necessary use a lead. Pick up after your dog, especially around car parks, on paths and where people play or picnic.

Birds
To help ground-nesting birds rear their young safely, keep yourself, dogs and horses on the main tracks from the beginning of March to the end of July.

Litter
Your food and litter could harm the ponies and donkeys. Please take your litter home if bins are full.

Barbeques & fires
To reduce the risk of damaging wildfires, campfires are not allowed without the landowner's permission. Disposable BBQs are welcome at Bolderwood, Blackwater and Wilverley where stands and water are available. Raised non-disposable BBQs are allowed on the hard-standing areas of car parks, providing water is available. You can hire fixed stand party-sized BBQs from the Forestry Commission (call 0300 067 4601) and from Hampshire County Council at Lepe Country Park (hants.gov.uk/lepe or call 023 8089 9108 in advance).

Cycling
Cycling is allowed only on the waymarked tracks and other designated routes. When approaching people and animals, please call out a warning and pass slowly and wide. Try to leave gaps for overtaking vehicles and never ride more than two abreast. Keep to a safe speed, wear bright colours to be visible and always use lights in the dark.

Fungi
Please leave fungi for other people to enjoy. Fungi are essential to the New Forest’s internationally protected ecosystem. Foray leaders must apply for permission for educational excursions from the Forestry Commission in advance. If you suspect or see commercial picking please call the Forestry Commission on 0300 067 4600.

Camping
There are 10 campsites in the New Forest, run by Camping in the Forest, as well as a number of private sites. Please note that camping in the wild and overnight parking is not allowed in the New Forest.

Horse riding
Horse riders have open access to the New Forest, but to reduce damage to the ground please use tracks when it's wet.

Ticks
Check your children, dog and yourself for ticks when you get back – they can lead to Lyme disease.

Driving
The speed limits on unfenced roads greatly reduce the number of accidents involving animals. Slow down and give walkers, cyclists, horse-riders and animals a wide berth. Be especially careful at night.

Parking
Please park only in designated car parks, not on a verge or in gateways. Lock your car, taking any valuables with you and leave Forestry Commission car parks by dusk.

Unidentified objects
Areas of the New Forest were used to test bombs in World War I and II. Please keep away from objects that might be dangerous and notify the police immediately on 999.

Working forest
Stay safe by obeying warning signs and keeping away from work sites and vehicles.

Find out more at:
forestry.gov.uk/newforest
Tel: 0300 067 4601 (Mon – Fri)
Open heaths need to be managed to control the vegetation and provide good habitats for birds and other wildlife, as well as grazing for ponies, cattle and deer.

Woodland ‘rides’ (open pathways) allow access for machinery but are also important for recreation and conservation. An active programme of ride restoration has seen the re-establishment of forest plants and an increase in insects, small mammals and birds of prey over recent years.

A working forest

The forest industry in the New Forest dates back to the first inclosure in 1483, timber being produced was of national value for the ship building industry. Today, timber production is centred on 9,000 hectares which are inclosed from grazing animals, producing 50,000m³ of timber each year.

Spring brings the arrival of foals.
One of the great attractions of the New Forest is undoubtedly the ponies. Although the new-born donkeys and ponies look cute, avoid coming in between a mother and its foal, as they are very protective of their young.

In the summer you might spot a harvester...
mowing bracken on areas of heathland, by removing this potentially invasive species other plants are able to thrive.

A year in the New Forest

The New Forest may seem like a wild place, but its diverse habitats have been created by a long history of grazing and management. Today, the Forestry Commission and the National Park Authority look after this special place...

Autumn colours
October is the time of year when red, fallow and sika deer start rutting and the golden autumn colours of the forest look their best.

A working forest

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Winter burning
Today, work by the Forestry Commission includes controlled burning, gorse cutting and bracken harvesting as well as restoration of valley mires and removing invasive species, such as rhododendron.

Rare birds beneath your feet!
The heathlands are home to birds with superb camouflage that take their chances nesting on the ground. You can help these birds thrive by keeping to the main tracks until July. If you have a dog, keep it on the tracks too – if necessary use a lead.

In the summer you might spot a harvester...
mowing bracken on areas of heathland, by removing this potentially invasive species other plants are able to thrive.